Na	ame: Date: Class:						
	Protein Shapes Affect Their Functions						
	Transport Worksheet						
Part A. Inquiry and Research Go to the <i>Learn Genetics</i> website at <a href="http://learn.genetics.utah.edu/content/basics/proteintypes/">http://learn.genetics.utah.edu/content/basics/proteintypes/</a> , click on "transport proteins." Then answer the following questions.							
1.	What is the function of a transport protein?						
2.	List three transport proteins and what they do:						
Go to the <i>Boundless Biology</i> online textbook at <a href="https://courses.lumenlearning.com/boundless-biology/chapter/components-of-the-blood/">https://courses.lumenlearning.com/boundless-biology/chapter/components-of-the-blood/</a> (or search for "boundless biology textbook red blood cells") and answer the following questions.							
3.	Why do most mammals <i>not</i> have organelles in their erythrocytes (red blood cells)?						
4.	How many molecules of hemoglobin are in a red blood cell?						
5.	How many oxygen molecules does a molecule of hemoglobin hold?						
6.	Scroll down to the <i>Red Blood Cells</i> section and look at three drawings of different variations of oxygen-carrying proteins—hemerythrin, hemocyanin and hemoglobin. List two differences and one similarity between these proteins.						
Part B. Engineering Challenge							

A couple has given birth to a child that has hypoxemia, which is when hemoglobin does not bring the correct amount of oxygen to cells. As a team of biological engineers, your challenge is to "cure" this child by creating an oxygen transport protein for the child.

## Step 1: Brainstorm

- A. What "things" do you use or see daily that carry and transport other "things"?
- B. What characteristics are necessary for something to carry and transport a substance?

Name:	Date:	Class:
<b>Step 2: Design.</b> Your <i>challenge</i> is to use the amino acids oxygen transport protein to move as much oxygen as pos The protein you design must be able to catch, transport (by mini marshmallows). Make your design have many or each protein can only hold four oxygen, so if your protein removed (not counted). In the space below, clearly sketch so that someone else could recreate it.	sible. The design notes carried) and the sygen transport pron catches more that	requirements and constraints: n release oxygen (represented oteins. The limitation is that n four oxygen, the rest will be
Mini marshmallows represent oxygen. You are not buildithey fit your oxygen transport protein. Available material  1 roll masking tape  twine/string  paper and paper bag  saran wrap  Popsicle sticks and toothpicks  scissors		need to use them to make sure
<b>Step 3:</b> Before you start building, have the teacher approx		teacher initials
<i>Number of oxygen</i> you hypothesize that your pro <b>Step 4: Build.</b> Next, use the amino acids (materials) to bu		

**Step 5: Test and evaluate.** Did your design hold as many marshmallows (oxygen) as you thought it

Explain why it did/did not meet your expectations. How effective was your protein model? What are the

How many did it hold? \_\_\_\_\_

this transport protein is to bring more oxygen to the child.

Circle: yes or no

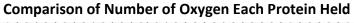
design strengths and weaknesses?

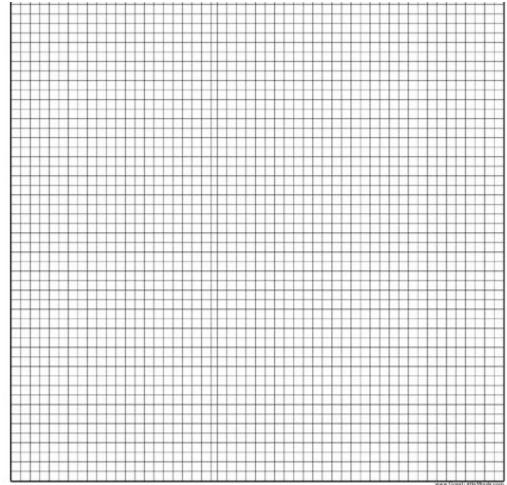
would?

Name:				Date	:	Class:	
Data collection  Group #	on: Fill in the d	lata table with	n the number	of oxygen eac	ch group's pro	otein held.  Trial 2	1
Group #	I I I di I	I I I di Z		Отоир #	IIIai I	IIIQI Z	
							<u> </u>
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itep 6: Redes	sign. How will	you change y	our design? I	n the space b	elow, write/di	raw your adjustn	nents.
Have the teac	her approve yo	our revised de	esign.		teacher	r initials:	
	y <i>gen</i> you hypo		-	n will hold:			
vunioer of ox	ygen you nypo	diesize your	revised protei	m win noid			
Sten 7: Test a	nd re-evaluate	• Did your d	lesion hold as	many marshi	mallows (orve	gen) as you thou	oht it
would? Circle							giii ii
	t did/did not m		ectations. Ho	w effective is	your protein?	What are the st	trength

Name:	Data	Class
Naille.	Date.	Class.

**Step 8: Compare.** How did your oxygen-carrying protein perform compared to the other proteins that were built? What is an idea from a different protein that you could have incorporated into your design, and why would you use it? What is something another group did that you would not have incorporated, and why?





Number of Oxygen

## **Group Number**

**Step 9: Conclusion.** When DNA has errors in it (mutations that cause disease), it produces faulty proteins or no proteins. *If your structure was a real hemoglobin protein that carries oxygen, would it be able to function well enough to keep you healthy? Or would you die because it is a mutated protein? Explain.*