Physics of Sound Worksheet Answer Key

Useful equations

$$f = \frac{v}{\lambda}$$

$$f = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$f = \frac{v}{\lambda}$$
 $f = \frac{1}{T}$ $\beta(dB) = 10\log(\frac{I}{I_0})$

$$f = frequency$$

$$f = \text{frequency}$$
 $\lambda = \text{wavelength}$ $T = \text{period}$

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$$v =$$
 wave velocity

$$v = \text{wave velocity}$$
 $\beta(dB) = \text{sound } i \text{ntensity}$

 $I_0=10^{-12}\frac{watts}{m^2}$ I₀, reference intensity, is the standard threshold of hearing intensity

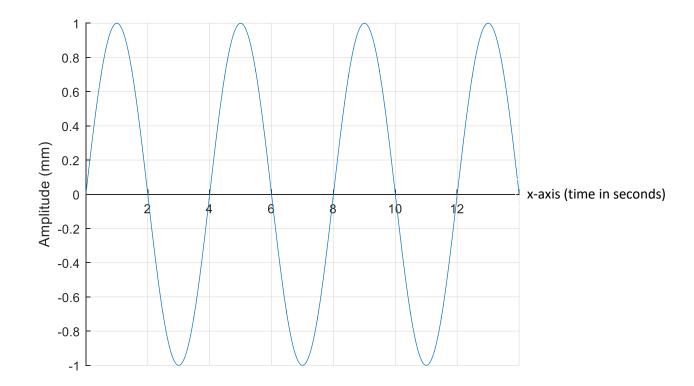
1. How does sound move through different media?

Sound travels through media by vibrating molecules in the matter. Closely packed molecules, like in solids, transfer sound faster than loosely packed molecules, like in liquids and gases.

2. Calculate the wave velocity of the given wave.

$$\lambda = 4mm$$

$$f = \frac{v}{\lambda}$$
 f = 1/4 seconds v = (1/4 seconds) x 4 mm = 1 mm/second



- 3. A soundwave hits a wall at a rate of 32.2 Hz.
 - a. What is the period of the wave?

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f = 1/t t = period 32.2 Hz = 32.2 seconds<sup>-1</sup>
period = 1/32.2 seconds = .031 seconds
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b. Calculate the speed of the wave if the distance between wave crests is 12 meters.

$$f = \frac{v}{\lambda}$$
 $\lambda = 12 \text{ m}$ $v = 12 \text{ m} \times 32.2 \text{ Hz} = 386.4 \text{ m/s}$

- 4. The speed of sound at room temperature is 346 m/s.
 - a. What is the frequency of a wave with a wavelength of 2.5 mm?

$$f = \frac{v}{\lambda}$$

 $\lambda = 0.0025 \text{ m}$ $v = 346 \text{ m/s}$ $f = 346 \text{ m/s} \div 0.0025 \text{ m} = 138400 \text{ Hz}$

b. What is the period?

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t = period f = 1/t t = 1/138400 Hz = 7.2 x 10^{-6} seconds
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- 5. A quiet library has a sound intensity of 1x10-8 W/m²
 - a. Calculate the sound intensity in dB.

$$\beta(dB) = 10\log\left(\frac{I}{I_0}\right)$$
 $I_0 = 10^{-12} \frac{watts}{m^2}$ $\beta = 10\log\left(1x10^{-8} \text{ W/m}^2 \div 1x10^{-12} \text{ W/m}^2\right) = 40 \text{ dB}$

b. What is the threshold of pain?

140 dB