## **Swinging Pendulum Worksheet**

1. What is the mass of your weight?

*m* = \_\_\_\_kg

2. Choose a height, h, between 15 - 40 cm (.15 - .4 m).

*h* = \_\_\_\_\_m

3. Calculate the potential energy of your weight at the chosen height *Remember*,  $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$ .

 $PE = m \cdot g \cdot h$ 

 $PE = \___J$ 

4. Calculate the theoretical velocity,  $V_t$ , of your weight at the bottom of the swing. *Remember, all of the potential energy will turn into kinetic energy.* 

$$KE = \frac{1}{2} \cdot m \cdot V_t^2$$
$$V_t = \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot KE}{m}}$$

$$V_t = \___m/s$$

5. Record the distance between the two tape markers.

distance = \_\_\_\_m

6. Record four time trials

$t_1$ (sec)	$t_2$ (sec)	time $(t_2 - t_1)$

7. Calculate your average time

 $t_{ave} = \_\__sec$ 

8. Calculate your measured velocity,  $V_m$ .

 $V_m$  = distance  $\div t_{ave}$ 

 $V_m = \underline{\qquad} m/s$ 

9. How close are the theoretical and measured velocities?

Energy of Motion: Lesson 1, Swinging Pendulum Activity – Worksheet B