**NewPing Instructions and Code**

Teacher Directions:

Set up a class account on Arduino Create. In this way you can manage what sketches students are using. More than one device may be open with the same account.

Directions:

Read this notes section prior to copying and pasting the code. Make sure to save it in your account to make it easier to modify if necessary.

Calibration:

The highlighted value may need to change depending on calibration. For purposes of student understanding of integer values, the following calibration was given by Sunfounder. This is a rounded value.

The more accurate calibration for the sensor is listed below:

Distance= sonar ping (uS) \* 1e6 (to change to m/s) \* 340/2 (speed of sound/2) \* 1e2 (converting from m to cm)

Extension: You could have students use the more accurate calibration in the code instead, and possibly suggest adjusting the 340 m/s (optimal measure of the speed of sound in air) for slight disturbances.

Copy the following code below and paste into Arduino Create—make sure to title it for your students

// ---------------------------------------------------------------------------  
// Example NewPing library sketch that does a ping about 20 times per second.  
// ---------------------------------------------------------------------------  
  
#include <NewPing.h>  
  
#define TRIGGER\_PIN 12 // Arduino pin tied to trigger pin on the ultrasonic sensor.  
#define ECHO\_PIN 11 // Arduino pin tied to echo pin on the ultrasonic sensor.  
#define MAX\_DISTANCE 400 // Maximum distance we want to ping for (in centimeters). Maximum sensor distance is rated at 400-500cm.  
  
NewPing sonar(TRIGGER\_PIN, ECHO\_PIN, MAX\_DISTANCE); // NewPing setup of pins and maximum distance.  
  
void setup() {  
 Serial.begin(115200); // Open serial monitor at 115200 baud to see ping results.  
}  
  
void loop() {  
 delay(50); // Wait 50ms between pings (about 20 pings/sec). 29ms should be the shortest delay between pings.  
 unsigned int uS = sonar.ping(); // Send ping, get ping time in microseconds (uS).  
 Serial.print("Ping: ");  
 Serial.print(uS/58); // Convert ping time to distance in cm and print result (0 = outside set distance range)  
 Serial.println("cm");  
}