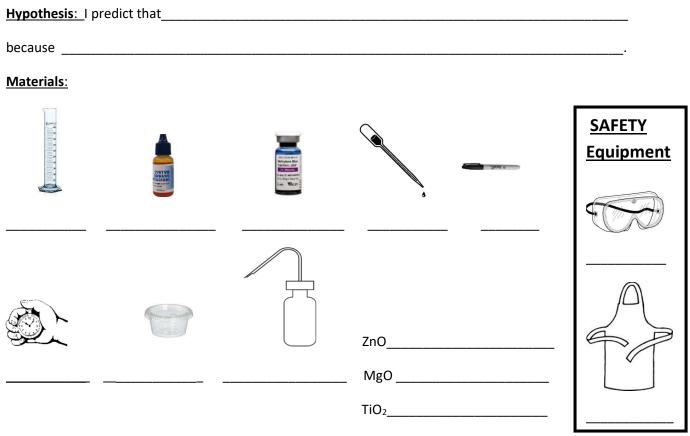
Lab Activity Handout

Problem: Which nanoparticle will bleach (or "photo-sanitize") water the fastest after UV light exposure: titanium dioxide, zinc oxide, or magnesium oxide?



Procedure:

- 1. Collect all _____; designate responsibilities to each lab group member, if needed.
- 2. Obtain _____ plastic cups with lids and pour _____ ml of distilled water into each cup.
- 3. Pour _____ml of methyl _____ into the 4 cups with water.
- 4. Pour _____ml of methylene ______ into the other 4 cups with water.
- Label the four methyl orange cups as ______, _____, _____, _____, _____, _____, _____, & "CONTROL."
- 6. Label the four methylene blue cups as ______, _____, _____, _____, ____, ____, & "CONTROL."
- 7. Use a ______ to place ______ drops of each sample oxide as labeled on your cups & be sure to _____ your solution well.
- 8. Take a ______ of your methyl orange and methylene blue labeled cups with your phone (before light exposure) and be ready to take your cups outside for UV light exposure.
- 9. Using a stopwatch, record the time in it takes for each sample to bleach (do not run longer than 10 min). Take another picture of the cups (after light exposure).

Data Table:

COMPLETE BLEACHING AFTER UV EXPOSURE in seconds				
Sample solutions	CONTROL	Titanium Dioxide	Magnesium Oxide	Zinc Oxide
Methylene blue				
Methyl orange				

Illustration: (students color in their results using their picture before & after light exposure.)

Samples before UV light exposure

Methylene Blue Samples







Samples after UV light exposure

Methylene Blue Samples

Methyl Orange Samples



Conclusion: