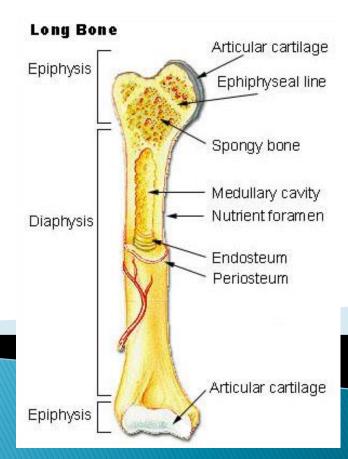
Inside a Bone

Bones! Bones! Bones!

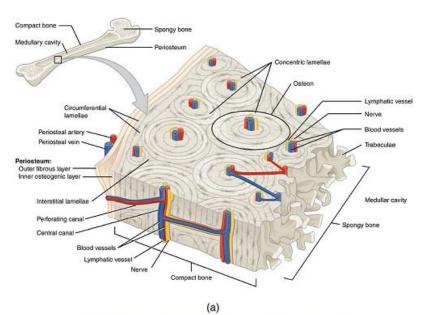


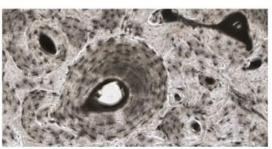
What are your bones made of?

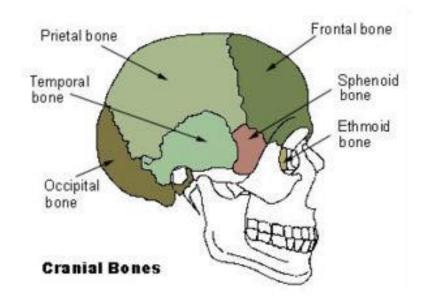




Inside a Bone





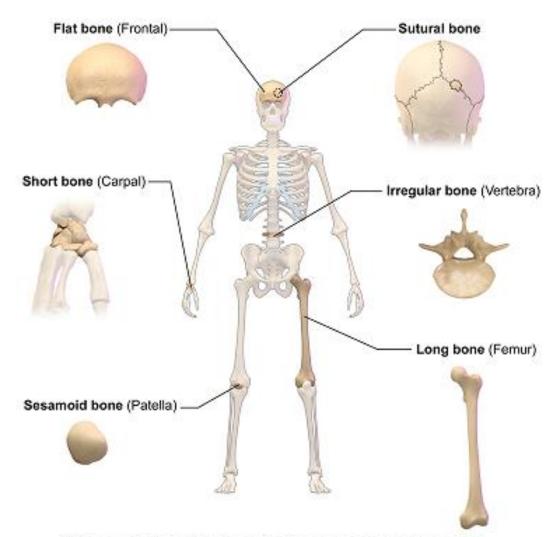


- Mineral salts
- Water
- Tissue

Bone Types

By shape:

- Long bones
- Short bones
- Flat bones
- Sesamoid bones
- Irregular bones



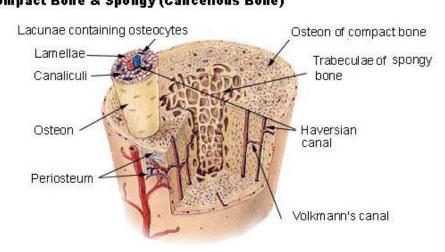
Classification of Bones by Shape

Bone Structure

Osseous tissue (bone tissue):

- Is the mineral matrix that forms rigid part of bone
- Contains abundant collagen fibers that provide strength as well as some <u>flex</u>
- Provides major structural and supportive

 connective tissue Compact Bone & Spongy (Cancellous Bone)
- Two bone tissue types:
 - compact (cortical)
 - trabecular (spongy/cancellous)



Bone Composition

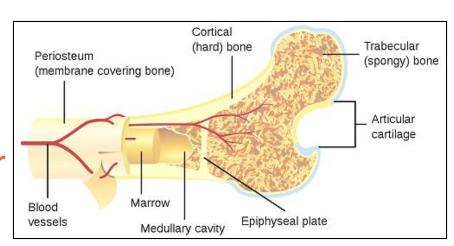
Two types of bone tissue:

- Compact (cortical)
 - Makes the hard outer bone layer
 - Smooth and solid
 - Generally cylinder shaped
 - Surgeons need saws to cut it!

Trabecular (spongy/cancellate)

- Makes up the bone interior
- Light, porous, spongy and mesh-like
- Structurally similar to honeycomb

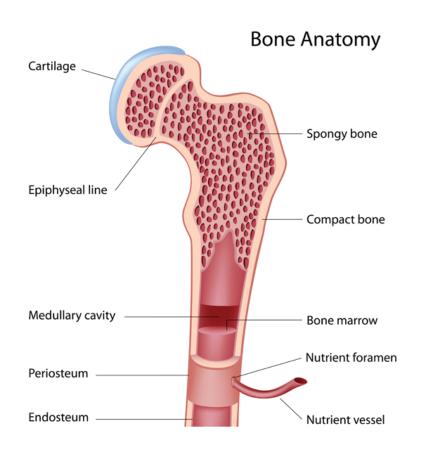
Which bone tissue type is denser?





Red bone marrow in femur

Look Closer Inside the Bone



Bone marrow

- A jelly-like substance
- In the center of the bone
- Produces blood cells for the body

Blood vessels

- Run through the center of the bone
- Deliver food, oxygen and minerals

Two Types of Bone Marrow

Red Bone Marrow

- Generates red and white blood cells & platelets
- Found in flat bones like ribs and shoulders



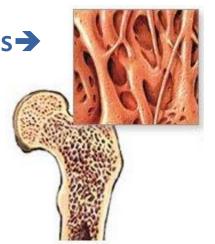
Yellow Bone Marrow

- Does not make blood cells
- Mostly fat; also stores sugar
- Found in hollow centers of long bones

Living bones are porous→

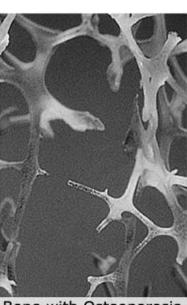
Fun Facts

- Bones are one of the strongest materials
- Bones are extremely light—lighter than steel or concrete—however they are much stronger!









Bone with Osteoporosis